

Preliminary Isostatic Residual Gravity Map of the Newfoundland Mountains and East Part of the Wells 30' x 60' Quadrangles, Box Elder County, Utah

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ABSTRACT

A new isostatic residual gravity map of the Newfoundland Mountains and east part of the Wells 30' x 60' quadrangles of Utah is based on compilation of preexisting data and new data collected by the Utah and U.S. Geological Surveys. Pronounced gravity lows occur over Grouse Creek Valley and locally beneath the Great Salt Lake Desert, indicating significant thickness of low-density Tertiary sedimentary rocks and deposits. Gravity highs coincide with exposures of dense pre-Cenozoic rocks in the Newfoundland, Silver Island, and Little Pigeon Mountains. Gravity values measured on pre-Tertiary basement to the north in the Bovine and Hogup Mountains are as much as 10 mGal lower. Steep, linear gravity gradients may define basin-bounding faults concealed along the margins of the Newfoundland, Silver Island, and Little Pigeon Mountains, Lemay Island and the Pilot Range.

CITATION

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NOTICES

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GRAVITY DATA CONTENTS

The three data files included in Utah Geological Survey Miscellaneous Publication 13-4 are given as ascii data files and as Excel files on this CD, and are online at geology.utah.gov/maps/geophysmap/index.htm.

File newfie-old3-iso.xls contains previously collected data from Bankey and others (1998). Files newfie-ugs-iso.xls and newfie-usgs-130923.xls contain data collected in 2011–2013 by the Utah Geological Survey and U.S. Geological Survey, respectively.

The format of the data files are described below.

The horizontal and vertical locations for the stations are on the North American Datum 1927 (NAD27) and the North American Vertical Datum 1929 (NAVD29), respectively.

The gravity stations (iso.xls) were referenced to the International Gravity Standardization Net 1971 (IGSN71) datum and the reference ellipsoid is the Geodetic Reference System 1967 (GRS67). The free-air anomalies were

calculated using a modified version of formulas from Swick (1942). The complete Bouguer anomalies were calculated from the free-air anomalies using the Bouguer correction, terrain corrections, a curvature correction, and a reduction density of 2670 kg/m³ (2.67 g/cc). Isostatic corrections were calculated using an Airy-Heiskanen model of isostatic compensation. The depth of the crust-mantle boundary was controlled using the following parameters: a crustal thickness at sea level of 25 km, a density contrast of 400 kg/m³ (0.40 g/cc) between the crust and mantle, and a crustal density of 2670 kg/m³ (2.67 g/cc).

EXPLANATION OF PRINCIPAL FACT FORMAT FOR GRAVITY STATIONS

(newfie-old3-iso.xls, newfie-ugs-iso.xls, and newfie-usgs-130923.xls)

Fixed format. Format is as follows:

STATION NAME:	An alphanumeric combination of up to 8 characters used for station identification. Columns 0–8
LATD:	Degree latitude. Columns 9–11
LATM:	Minute latitude. Columns 12–17
LOND:	Degree longitude. Columns 18–21
LONM:	Minute latitude. Columns 22–27
ELEV:	Elevation. Columns 28–35
OG:	Observed gravity. Columns 36–45
FAA:	Free-air anomaly. Columns 52–58
SBA:	Simple Bouguer anomaly. Columns 59–66
ITC:	Inner terrain correction out to a radius of various distances (see TC CODE) from the station, for a density of 2.67 g/cc. Columns 67–73
TC:	Total terrain correction from the station to 166.7 km for a density of 2670 kg/m ³ (2.67 g/cc). Columns 74–80
TC CODE:	Letter denoting the extent of the inner-zone correction, according to the Hayford-Bowie and Hammer templates (f=895 meters; M=2000 meters). Note in old-gc-iso3.xls data that have tc codes of M have had their locations or elevations adjusted. See Spielman and Ponce (1984) for additional explanation. Column 82
CBA:	Complete Bouguer anomaly reduced for a density of 2670 kg/m ³ (2.67 g/cc). Columns 83–90
ISO:	Isostatic residual anomaly values. Columns 91–98.

Example of format for gravity file

36030032 41 52.60 113 8.08 4804.8 979887.32 2.09 -161.78 0.03 0.77 f -162.40 12.69

STATION NAME: 36030032

LATD:	41 degrees North
LATM:	52.60 minutes
LOND:	113 degrees West
LONM:	8.08 minutes
ELEV:	4804.8 feet
OG:	979887.32 mGal
FAA:	2.09 mGal
SBA:	-161.78 mGal
ITC:	0.03 mGal
TC:	0.77 mGal
TC_CODE:	f (895 m)
CBA:	-162.40 mGal
ISO:	12.69 mGal

REFERENCES

- Bankey, V., Grauch, V.J.S., and Kucks, R.P., 1998, Utah aeromagnetic and gravity maps and data—A web site for distribution of data (on-line version): U.S. Geological Survey Open-File Report 98-0761.
- Spielman, J.B., and Ponce, D.A., 1984, Handtc, a Fortran program to calculate inner-zone terrain corrections: U.S. Geological Survey Open-File Report 84-777, 24 p.
- Swick, C.A., 1942, Pendulum gravity measurements and isostatic reductions: U.S. Coast and Geodetic Survey Special Publication 232, 82 p.